

Nordic Ecolabelling for
Stoves



Version 4.7 • 11 June 2014 - 31 December 2026

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078 Stoves, version 4.7, 04 November 2024

This document is a translation of an original in Danish. In case of dispute, the original document should be taken as authoritative.

Contact information

In 1989, the Nordic Council of Ministers decided to introduce a voluntary official ecolabel, The Nordic Swan Ecolabel. These organisations/companies operate the Nordic Swan ecolabelling system on behalf of their own country's government. For more information, see the websites:

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It may be quoted from provided that Nordic Ecolabelling is stated as the source.

What is a Nordic Swan Ecolabelled stove?

A stove is fired on solid biofuel (wood, wood pellets, briquettes, etc.) and radiates heat in the room in which it is located. The stove may also distribute heat via a water or ventilation system. On a daily basis, the relevant heat sources are called wood-burning stoves, inset fireplaces, pellet stoves, heat-accumulating stoves such as tiled stoves and stove mass heaters, and sauna stoves, etc. The stoves are relatively simple combustion systems of approximately 3-15 kW. The primary function of the fireplaces is to function as a supplement to the building's primary heating system, but in certain cases may serve as the building's primary heating system in, for example, low-energy buildings (heat-accumulating stoves, pellet stoves or continuously burning stoves).

The biofuel may be added manually or automatically. As a rule, wood/firewood is placed in the stove manually, while wood pellets are fed automatically. In a closed stove the combustion air intake is via specific ducts that can usually be regulated. The manufacturer must also clearly inform the customer of how the stove is to be used and maintained in order to function optimally, and that the stove should be installed by competent installation technicians.

A Nordic Ecolabelled stove produces low emissions of particles, organic gaseous carbon/volatile hydrocarbons (OGC) and carbon monoxide (CO) and has high energy efficiency. Emissions have a negative effect on health and the emission volumes vary considerably between the various types of fireplace. Pellet stoves must also comply with strict noise level requirements.

The Nordic Swan Ecolabel requires the prohibition of the use of production chemicals with specific hazard classifications. Products used for surface paint/-varnish must contain a maximum (VOC 60%). The requirement of pressure testing of minimum 5% of all wood-burning stoves and inset fireplaces ensures the high quality of the Nordic-Ecolabelled stove.

Why choose the Nordic Swan Ecolabel?

- The manufacturer may use the Nordic Swan Ecolabel trademark for marketing. The Nordic Swan Ecolabel is a very well-known and well-reputed trademark in the Nordic region.
- The Nordic Swan Ecolabel is a cost-effective and simple way of communicating environmental work and commitment to customers and suppliers.
- Reducing environmental impact often creates scope for lowering costs, such as by cutting the consumption of energy and reducing amounts of packaging and waste.
- Environmentally suitable operations prepare the manufacturer for future environmental legislation.
- Environmental issues are complex. It can take a long time and extensive resources to gain an understanding of a specific area. Nordic Swan Ecolabelling can be seen as aid in this work.

- The Nordic Swan Ecolabel not only covers environmental issues but also quality requirements, since the environment and quality often go hand in hand. This means that a Nordic Swan Ecolabel licence can also be seen as a mark of quality.

What can carry The Nordic Swan Ecolabel?

The product group includes a number of different product types that all share in common that they are fired with solid biofuel (wood, pellets, briquettes, etc.) and radiate heat in the rooms in which they are located. The stove is a closed fireplace, which means that combustion takes place in a closed fire chamber. The criteria include both local heat sources and heat sources that can be used in a heating system. Local stoves are not usually dimensioned to be able to heat the entire building. The following product types are subject to the criteria document:

- Heat-accumulating stoves in which the heat energy is stored in solid material (usually stone), but in certain cases can also be accumulated in water in a tank.
- Manually operated stoves for intermittent combustion. Stoves that are designed to complement another heat source.
- Automatically-operated stove designed for the combustion of wood pellets (pellet stoves).
- Inset fireplaces for intermittent combustion.
- Sauna stoves (Swedish = bastueldstäder).

Solar collectors may be included in the heating system. Open fireplaces (fires) and stoves designed for liquid fuel are not covered by the criteria document.

How to apply

Application and costs

For information about the application process and fees for this product group, please refer to the respective national web site. See contact information first in this document.

What is required?

The application must consist of an application form/web form and documentation showing that the requirements are fulfilled.

Each requirement is marked with the letter O (obligatory requirement) and a number. All requirements relevant for the product must be fulfilled to be awarded a licence.

The text describes how the applicant shall demonstrate fulfilment of each requirement. There are also icons in the text to make this clearer. These icons are:

- ☒ Enclose
- 🔗 The requirement checked on site

All information submitted to Nordic Ecolabelling is treated confidentially. Suppliers can send documentation directly to Nordic Ecolabelling, and this will also be treated confidentially.

Licence validity

The ecolabel licence is valid providing the criteria are fulfilled and until the criteria expire. The validity period of the criteria may be extended or adjusted, in which case the licence is automatically extended and the licensee informed.

Revised criteria shall be published at least one year prior to the expiry of the present criteria. The licensee is then offered the opportunity to renew their licence.

On-site inspection

In connection with handling of the application, Nordic Ecolabelling normally performs an on-site inspection to ensure adherence to the requirements.

For such an inspection, data used for calculations, original copies of submitted certificates, test records, purchase statistics, and similar documents that support the application must be available for examination.

Queries

Please contact Nordic Ecolabelling if you have any queries or require further information. See first in this document for contact information. Further information and assistance (such as calculation sheets or electronic application help) may be available. Visit the relevant national website for further information.

What are the requirements of The Nordic Swan Ecolabelling?

To be awarded a Nordic Swan Ecolabel licence, all requirements must be fulfilled.

On-site inspection on the production site performed by Nordic Ecolabelling.

In order to be granted a Nordic Swan Ecolabelled licence, the following documentation must be attached to the application:

- Documentation demonstrating compliance with any national regulations/special requirements.
- Copy of the installation manual, as well as operating and maintenance instructions in all relevant languages.
- Documentation demonstrating compliance with national rules and laws, as well as any industry agreements on return systems for packaging.

1 Production

1.1 Production requirements

01 Description of the production process

The production process for The Nordic Swan Ecolabelled stove must be described.

The description must include the following:

- Name and contact details of:
 - production location(s) for final manufacture of stoves
 - subsuppliers of surface finishing and metal coating
 - subsuppliers of other components subject to the requirements
- A description of the production process for the stove stating the various process stages, including cleaning technique. The production technique and cleaning technique for surface finishing and metal coating must be stated.
- Copy of the environmental licence/permit or inspection report from the environmental authority concerning final production, with details of emissions subject to the licence during the past year.

Final production of the stove does not concern production of raw materials such as steel, glass or plastic elements. Production of cast iron is deemed to occur if the cast iron producer manufactures cast iron stoves. Cast iron parts for other stoves are not subject to the requirement.

- ☒ A description of the stove's production process according to the requirement. Copy of the environmental licence/permit or inspection report from the environmental inspection authority concerning final production, with details of emissions subject to the licence during the past year.

02 Materials requirements

The manufacturer must draw up a list of all of the elements included in the closed fireplace, stating the type and material, as well as technical drawings with measurements.

Materials and construction must comply with relevant requirements in the current standard for the stove type in question, EN13240 or EN16510 (wood-burning stoves), EN13229 or EN16510 (inset fireplaces), EN14785 (pellet stoves), EN15250 (heat-accumulating stoves) or EN15821 (sauna stoves). The requirement includes, for example, quality, thickness of materials, durability and permitted surface temperatures (safety) of materials.

A guarantee for materials and construction faults of at least five years must be given for the bearing structure (excluding the interior of the combustion chamber) on normal use.

- ☒ A description of materials for all of the elements included in the closed fireplace, as well as technical drawings with measurement dimensions approved by the test laboratories in connection with testing of the stove.

- ☒ Declaration from the manufacturer that the requirements of the materials and construction have been fulfilled. Appendix 2 may be used.

03 Chemical products, classification

The manufacturer must draw up a list of the chemicals used in the final production (painting, installation and final inspection) of closed fireplaces and for surface treatment. Chemical products such as glue, sealant, cleaning/degreasing products,

paints and varnishes used in the final production of the fireplace and for surface finishing may not be classified according to the table below.

Final production of closed fireplaces does not concern the production of raw materials such as steel, cast iron, glass or plastic elements.

Table 1. List of non-permitted classification of the final chemical compound used in the product, in accordance with CLP regulation 1272/2008 or later

Signal word	Hazard phrase	Hazard description	Risk phrase
Warning, Aquatic acute 1 Warning, Aquatic chronic 1 Warning, Aquatic chronic 2 -, Aquatic chronic 3 -, Aquatic chronic 4 -, Ozone	H400 H410 H411 H412 H413 EUH059/H420	Environmentally hazardous N N N - - N	R50 R50/53 R51/53 R52/53 R53 R59
Hazardous, Carc. 1A or 1B Hazardous, Carc. 1A or 1B Warning, Carc. 2	H350 H350i H351	Carcinogenic T T Xn	R45 and/or R49 R40
Hazardous, Muta. 1A or 1B Warning, Muta. 2	H340 H341	Mutagenic, T Xn	R46 R68
Hazardous, Repr. 1A or 1B Hazardous, Repr. 1A or 1B Warning, Repr. 2 Warning, Repr. 2 - -	H360 H360 H361 H361 H362 H362	Reprotoxic T T Xn Xn - -	R60 R61 R62 and/or R63 R33 R64
Hazardous, Acute Tox. 1 or 2 Hazardous, Acute Tox. 1 Hazardous, Acute Tox. 2 Hazardous, STOT SE 1	H330 H310 H300 H370	Very toxic Tx Tx Tx Tx	R26 R27 R28 and/or R39
Hazardous, Acute Tox. 2 or 3 Hazardous, Acute Tox. 3 Hazardous, Acute Tox. 3 Hazardous, STOT SE 1 Hazardous, STOT SE 1	H330 or H331 H331 H301 H370 H372	Toxic, T T T T T	R23 R24 R25 R39 and/or R48
Hazardous, Resp. Sens. 1 Warning, Skin sens. 1	H334 H317	Sensitising Xn Xi	R42 R43

The classification applies in accordance with the EU's dangerous substances directive 67/548/EC with subsequent amendments and adjustments, and/or CLP regulation 1272/2008 with subsequent amendments. During the transition period, i.e. up to 1 June 2015, classification in accordance with the EU's dangerous substances directive or the CLP regulation may be used. After the transition period, only classification in accordance with the CLP regulation will apply.

Metal coating of parts is exempt from the requirement. By metal coating of parts, requirement O5 must be fulfilled.

Paint/varnish for surface finishing of closed fireplaces classified with R52/53 or H412 is exempt from the requirement, subject to the condition that the product is applied in a closed system, with appropriate personal protective equipment in accordance with the requirements for protection listed on safety data sheet.

Hardeners for paint/varnish, where the hardener is classified with R43 or H317 are also exempt from the requirement. This exemption is, however, subject to the condition that adequate safety equipment is used when the hardener is mixed with the paint/varnish, and that the final two-component product (hardener+paint/varnish) is applied in a closed system ventilated room.

- ☒ List of chemicals used in final production and for surface finishing.
- ☒ Safety datasheet issued within the last three years for the final chemical compound used in the Ecolabelled product, in accordance with Annex II of Reach (regulation 1907/2006/EC, with later amendments and additions).
- ☒ Routine for the use of safety equipment for use on mixing hardener with paint/varnish. Description of method to apply the final two-component product.
- ☒ Description of method to apply paint/varnish classified with R52/53 (H412).

04 Component substances in chemical products

The following substances may not be included in the chemical products (e.g. glue, sealant, cleaning/degreasing products, paint and varnish) that are used in the final production of the fireplace, as well as for external coating:

- lead (Pb), mercury (Hg), chromium IV (CrIV), cadmium (Cd) and compounds thereof
- halogenated organic compounds
- alkylphenols, alkylphenol ethoxylates or other substances that can build alkylphenols or alkylphenol ethoxylates
- phthalates
- substances on the EU's candidate list in accordance with REACH, 1907/2006/EC article 59, paragraph 10 on the website of the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA). In the background document there is a link to the list.
- nanoparticles (from nanomaterials*)

The following are exempted from the requirement to nanoparticles:

- Pigments**
- Naturally occurring inorganic fillers***
- Synthetic amorphous silica****
- Polymer dispersions

** The definition of nanomaterials follows the European Commission's definition from 18 October 2011 (2011/696/EU): "A nanomaterial is a natural, incidental or purposely manufactured material containing particles, in an unbound state or as an aggregate or as an agglomerate and where, for at least 50% of the particles in the number size distribution, one or more external dimensions is in the size range 1-100 nm."*

*** Nano-titanium dioxide (nano-TiO₂) is not considered a pigment and is therefore covered by this requirement.*

**** This applies to fillers covered by appendix V point 7 in REACH.*

***** This applies to traditional synthetic amorphous silica. Chemically modified colloidal silica can be included in the products as long as the silica particles form aggregates in the final product. The surface treatment of surface-treated nanoparticles must fulfil requirement to component substances in chemical products.*

There is exemption from the list for metal coating of parts. On metal coating of parts, requirement O5 must be fulfilled.

The following definition must be used concerning "included": Incoming substances are defined as, unless stated otherwise, all substances in the product – including additives (e.g. preservatives or stabilisers) in the raw materials, but not residuals from the production, incl. the production of raw materials.

Residuals from production, incl. production of raw materials are defined as residuals, pollutants and contaminants derived from the production, incl. production of the raw materials, which are present in the final product in amounts less than 100 ppm (0.0100 w/w %, 100 mg/kg), but not substances added to the raw materials or product intentionally and with a purpose – regardless of amount. Residuals in the raw materials above 1.0 % are regarded as ingoing substances. Known substances released from ingoing substances are also regarded as ingoing substances..

- ☒ Declaration or other equivalent documentation from the chemicals producer/supplier. Appendix 3 may be used.

05 Metal coating of parts

Metal parts may not be coated with lead (Pb), mercury (Hg), cadmium (Cd), chromium VI (CrVI), nickel (Ni) or compounds thereof.

Exceptionally, parts may be coated with chromium III, nickel or compounds thereof in cases where this is necessary due to chemical or mechanical wear, or other documented special technical requirements.

Any chromium- and nickel-plating processes must take place using cleaning techniques, ion-exchange techniques, membrane techniques or similar techniques, in order to be able to recover the metals to the greatest possible extent. Residual products from coating must be used in recycling or waste handling schemes. The system must be without a drainage system.

- ☒ Declaration from the manufacturer that the requirement concerning metal coating is fulfilled. Appendix 2 may be used.
- ☒ Report on any need for metal coating (only chromium VI (CrVI), nickel (Ni) or compounds thereof) from the fireplace's manufacturer. If metal coating is used report on which cleaning technique that have been used.

06 Surface treatment and VOC content in the surface paint/-varnish

Surface treatment (manual/mechanical process) must take place in closed ventilated room with appropriate personal protective equipment. Similarly, the drying process is carried out in an closed ventilated room.

Products used for surface paint/-varnish must contain a maximum (VOC 60%).

Products to be mixed/diluted before they are ready to be used must comply with the VOC limit in the final mixture (ready to use).

Products used for surface paint/-varnish is exempted from the VOC content limit if the surface treatment process is using a technology that collects and subsequently burn of the VOC for internal heat generation.

Surface paint/-varnish in spray cans used exclusively for smaller repairs are exempted from the requirement for VOC.

Organic solvents are defined as solvents with a boiling point of < 250 K at 0.013 kPa.

The requirement also includes subsuppliers.

- ☒ Description of surface treatment/drying and hardening process and a statement of compliance with the VOC requirement. The VOC content in products (final mixture, ready to be used) is to be calculated and the data for this can be found in the safety data sheets.

07 Product and transport packaging

It must be possible to recycle or reuse materials in product and transport packaging.

The manufacturer must submit a description of the packaging, as well as instructions for how the packaging is to be handled in the Nordic countries in which The Nordic Swan Ecolabelled fireplace is sold.

Chlorine-based plastic and biocide-treated/impregnated wood may not be used in the product and transport packaging.

- ☒ A description of the product and transport packaging and instructions for handling in the individual Nordic countries can be found in the installation manual, see O18.

08 Waste

The manufacturer must perform sorting at source of the various waste fractions occurring in the production of fireplaces, such as waste wood, waste glass, waste electronics, plastic and metal. A waste plan with a description of waste fractions and of how the waste is handled (such as reuse, depositing and incineration) must be submitted.

- ☒ A waste plan with a description of waste fractions and waste recipients for the company (who collects the individual waste fractions) from the manufacturer of the fireplace.

1.2 Use and quality requirements

09 Pressure testing/leak measurement

As part of its quality management system, the manufacture must pressure test/perform leak measurement of minimum 5% of all Nordic Swan Ecolabelled stoves for leaks. The measured leak m³/hour, measured by overpressure at 25 Pa, may not exceed the leak measurement (leak before testing) performed by the test laboratory (when testing for particle and according to practicing of standard NS 3058) by more than 10% or 1m³/hour.

The requirement does not concern heat-accumulating stoves, pellet stoves and sauna stoves.

The result of pressure measurements showing that the requirement is complied with must be archived by the licence holder during the licence term.

- ☒ Routine in the quality management system describing the method used for pressure testing/leak testing, and the measures to be performed if the requirement is not complied with. Directions to pressure test specified in appendix 1.
- ☒ The result of pressure measurements showing that the requirement is complied with must be archived by the licence holder during the licence term.

1.3 Stone coating

010 Extraction of natural stone, environmental requirements

The extraction of natural stone may not:

- Disturb the deeper-lying, enclosed groundwater reservoirs;
- Disturb the surface water with public water collection or sources, or water areas listed in the register created under Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of conserved areas or of watercourses (or equivalent national legislation outside the EU) with an average flow rate of > 5 m³ /s.
- There must be a closed system for the recovery of waste water in order to avoid the spreading of sawdust to the environment and to supply the recirculation cycle. The water is stored close to the place where it is used in the quarry and from where it is then led (via closed pipes) to a suitable treatment plant. After clarification the water must be recirculated.

Natural stone is defined in CEN/TC 246 as pieces of naturally occurring stone and includes marble, granite and other natural stone (such as sandstone and soapstone).

Wastewater solely includes water used in production, and not freshwater from rain and groundwater.

- ☐ Declaration from the manufacturer/supplier of natural stone that the requirement is fulfilled. Name and location of the quarry must be specified. Appendix 4 may be used.

011 Extraction of natural stone, working conditions

The following UN and ILO Conventions must be complied with by the producer (quarry) of natural stone:

- The UN Convention on the Rights of the Child, article 32
- The UN Convention (61/295) on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples
- ILO Convention no. 29 on Forced Labour
- ILO Convention no. 87 on Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to Organise
- ILO Convention no. 98 concerning the Application of the Principles of the Right to Organise and to Bargain Collectively
- ILO Convention no. 100 on Equal Remuneration
- ILO Convention no. 105 on Abolition of Forced Labour
- ILO Convention no. 111 concerning Discrimination in Respect of Employment and Occupation
- ILO Convention no. 138 concerning the Minimum Age for Admission to Employment
- ILO Convention no. 148 concerning the Working Environment (Air Pollution, Noise and Vibration)
- ILO Convention no. 155 concerning Occupational Safety and Health and the Working Environment
- ILO Convention no. 170 concerning Safety in the use of Chemicals at Work
- ILO Convention no. 182 on the Worst Forms of Child Labour

If the natural stone is quarried in a country in which these conventions are part of the requirements made by the authorities, no further documentation is required, as this is subject to O30.

- ☐ Declaration from the manufacturer/supplier of natural stone that the requirement is fulfilled. Appendix 4 may be used.

1.4 Supplementary heating system components

012 Solar collector

If the heating system includes a solar collector, this must be type approved in accordance with EN 12975.

- ☐ Declaration from the manufacturer/supplier of solar collectors, see Appendix 5.

013 Fuel pellet hopper

The manufacturer of The Nordic Swan Ecolabelled pellet stove must inform the customer of how a hopper for the wood pellets should be designed:

- to ensure that the recommended fuel retains its quality when the fuel pellets are emptied into the customer's storage hopper;
- so that any carbon monoxide that may occur when wood pellets are stored does not entail a health risk or mortal danger.

- ☐ Information must be provided in the instruction manual.

2 Operation of The Nordic Swan Ecolabelled fireplace

014 Emissions to air

The fireplace may not exceed the threshold values for organic gaseous carbon (OGC), carbon monoxide (CO) and particles in the following table:

Table 2. Threshold values for emissions from Nordic Swan Ecolabelled fireplaces tested with 13% O₂. The requirement applies to a normal load, if not otherwise stated

	OGC	CO	Particles
	mg/m ³	mg/m ³	g/kg
Manually operated stove or insert stove for intermittent use	100	1250	2 (\bar{x} for up to 4 loads) 5 (for each load)
	mg/m ³	mg/m ³	mg/m ³
Manually operated heat-accumulating fireplace	100	1250	50
Manually operated sauna stove	150	1700	120
Pellet stove with automatic pellet feed	10	200	15

Testing must be performed on the following terms. Test instructions are stated in Appendix 1:

Manually operated stoves or insert stoves for intermittent use.

Tested at nominal load for measurement of CO and OGC, and up to 4 loads within different load areas for particles according to:

- CEN/TS 15883:2009 or EN16510 for OGC
- EN13240 or EN16510 for CO concerning stoves, and EN 13229 or EN16510 for CO concerning insert stoves.
- NS 3058 and NS 3059, with loads defined in class 1 and class 2, for test of particles

Manually operated heat-accumulating stoves.

Tested at normal load according to:

- CEN/TS 15883:2009 for OGC
- EN 15250 for CO
- CEN/TS 15883:2009 for particles

Pellet stoves with automatic pellet feed.

Tested at nominal load for test of CO, OGC and particles according to:

- CEN/TS 15883:2009 for OGC
- EN 14785 for CO
- CEN/TS 15883:2009 for particles

Manually operated sauna stoves.

Tested at nominal load for CO, OGC and particles according to:

- CEN/TS 15883:2009 for OGC
- EN 15821 for CO

- CEN/TS 15883:2009 for particles

Requirements of laboratories, testing of fireplaces and measurement of emissions are stated in Appendix 1.



Full test report.

O15 Efficiency

Efficiency, (nk), at nominal load tested according to the respective standard must be at least:

- 83% for manually operated heat-accumulating stoves according to EN 15250
- 60% for manually operated sauna stoves according to EN 15821
- 76% for manually operated stoves or inset fireplaces for intermittent use according to EN13240/EN13229 or EN16510
- 87% for pellet stoves with automatic pellet feed according to EN 14785

Requirements of laboratories, testing of fireplaces and measurement of efficiency are stated in Appendix 1.



Full test report.

O16 Noise

The noise level from automatic pellet feed pellet stoves may not exceed 50 d(B)A during normal use according to ISO 3743.

Laboratory requirements are stated in Appendix 1.



Full test report.

O17 Declaration concerning test of emissions, efficiency and noise

A test laboratory must declare that the stove has been tested in accordance with the standards stated in O14-O16.

The test laboratory must be accredited according to the current standards stated in Appendix 1.



Declaration that the requirement is fulfilled.

3 Customer information

O18 Installation manual

There must be an installation manual for each stove delivered. The installation manual must be written clearly in the national language in the Nordic country in which the fireplace is sold and installed. The manual must also be available on the manufacturer and/or distributor's website(s). The manual must present recommendations and information concerning:

- the installation of the fireplace and any particle filter in the designated way, and a recommendation for the fireplace to be installed by an authorised/competent distributor/installation technician, as well as reference to the present;
- technical information/specifications concerning the stove;
- the required volume of air for combustion, air volume in m³ per hour;
- distance to flammable material;
- position of the stove on refractory material (free-standing stoves);
- the space required for operation, maintenance and cleaning;

- recommendations for chimney height (in meters insulated chimney), from the stove flue.
- instructions for the type of smoke flue/chimney to which the stove/fireplace may be connected in terms of flue gas temperature, drawing, dimensions, height and position of the smoke flue/chimney;
- instructions for the design of the wood pellet hopper, if this fuel type is used how the wood pellet hopper must be designed for the fuel to retain its quality on emptying and storage, and so that any carbon monoxide arising as a consequence of the storage of wood pellets does not present a health risk or mortal danger;
- ventilation and installation of sauna stoves according to the dimensions of the sauna;
- how the packaging is to be handled in the Nordic countries in which the stove is sold.



A copy of the installation manual, which must be included when the stove is delivered to the installation technician and customer.

019 Operating and maintenance instructions

Operating and maintenance instructions must be included with each stove delivered. The instructions must be written clearly in the national language in the Nordic country in which the stove is sold and installed. The instructions must also be available on the manufacturer and/or distributor's website(s). The instructions must include details of:

- information on how various fuel types (types, materials, quality, moisture content) affect output and emissions;
- instructions to the wood's moisture content should not exceed 18%, and that you can buy moisture meter to continuously monitor the proper moisture content. Firewood with a diameter of more than 10 cm and should be split;
- fuel types suitable for the stove, and that fossil fuels should not be used and that Nordic Swan Ecolabelled wood pellets should be used in pellet stoves;
- recommendations for the handling and storage of firewood, wood pellets and any other solid biofuels;
- how the stove is lit.
- instructions for filling and the volume and size of firewood on lighting/filling
- adjustment of air intake. How, by which measures, sufficient combustion air to the stove is ensured;
- that low air intake can lead to poor combustion, high emissions and poor efficiency;
- instructions for cleaning, inspection and maintenance of the stove and any particle filter;
- instructions describing the recommended maintenance;
- content of the guarantee and validity in number of years must be stated. The guarantee must fulfil the requirement in O2;



A copy of the operating and maintenance instructions which must be included when the stove is delivered to the installation technician and customer.

4 Information to distributors and installation technicians

020 Competence requirements

In cases where the stove is equipped with a water tank (water bank) and/or solar collector, the manufacturer must inform the distributor/installation technician that:

- the stove equipped with water tank and/or solar collector must be installed by a certified installation technician

☒ Information provided to the distributor or installation technician.

021 Dimensioning and design of the heating system

In cases where the stove is equipped with a water tank and/or solar collector, the manufacturer of the stove must ensure that the installation technician has easy access to relevant information and technical data, so as to be able to undertake the dimensioning of the heating system.

☒ Declaration from the manufacturer of the fireplace that the requirement is fulfilled.

022 Other information

The manufacturer must inform the distributor that:

- The stove must be installed by a competent installation technician and approved by the chimney sweep before you use it;
- Recommendations for chimney height (in meters insulated chimney), from the stove flue. The importance of the chimney is designed for each stove requirements for draft. Moreover, recommendation to the height of the chimney must be a minimum of 1 meter higher than the ridge/housing highest point;
- Instructions for proper combustion/operation of the stove/fireplace;
- The customer/user must have access to the installation manual and the operating and maintenance instructions;

☒ Information provided to the distributor.

5 Quality and regulatory requirements

To ensure that the product meets the criteria for The Nordic Swan Ecolabel throughout the time that the licence remains valid, Nordic Ecolabelling sets requirements concerning quality procedures for licensees and any subcontractors.

If the manufacturer's environmental management system is certified to ISO 14 001 or EMAS, and the following procedures implemented, it is sufficient for the accredited auditor to certify that the requirements are observed.

023 Nordic Swan Ecolabel licence person

The company shall appoint a person responsible for ensuring the fulfilment of Nordic Swan Ecolabel requirements, and a contact person for communications with Nordic Ecolabelling.

☒ Organisational chart showing the responsible contacts.

024 Documentation

The licensee must be able to present a copy of the application, and factual and calculation data supporting the documents submitted on application (including test reports, documents from suppliers and suchlike).



Checked on site.

025 Quality of the stove

The licensee must guarantee that the quality of the production of The Nordic Swan Ecolabelled stove is maintained throughout the validity period of the licence.



Procedures for collating and, where necessary, dealing with claims and complaints regarding the quality of The Nordic Swan Ecolabelled stoves.

026 Planned changes

Planned product and market changes affecting Nordic Swan Ecolabelling requirements must be in writing to Nordic Ecolabelling.



Procedures detailing how planned changes in products and markets are handled.

027 Unplanned nonconformities

Unforeseen nonconformities affecting Nordic Swan Ecolabelling requirements must be reported to Nordic Ecolabelling and journalled.



Procedures detailing how unplanned nonconformities are handled.

028 Traceability

The licensee must have a traceability system for the production of The Nordic Swan Ecolabelled stoves/fireplaces.



Description of/procedures for the fulfilment of the requirement.

029 Take-back system - removed

The Nordic Ecolabelling's Criteria Group decided on the 9 October 2017 to remove this requirement.

030 Legislation and regulations

The licensee must guarantee adherence to safety regulations, working environment legislation, environmental legislation and conditions/concessions specific to the operations at all sites offering The Nordic Swan Ecolabelled service.

No documentation is required but Nordic Ecolabelling may revoke the licence if this requirement is not fulfilled.

031 Marketing - removed

The requirement is removed as decided by the Board of Directors 17 November 2014.

Regulations for The Nordic Swan Ecolabelling of products

When the Nordic Swan Ecolabel is used on products the license number shall be included.

More information on graphical guidelines, regulations and fees can be found at www.nordic-ecolabel.org/regulations/

Follow-up inspections

Nordic Ecolabelling may decide to check whether product fulfils Nordic Swan Ecolabel requirements during the licence period. This may involve a site visit, random sampling or similar test.

The licence may be revoked if it is evident that the product does not meet the requirements.

Random samples may also be taken in-store and analysed by an independent laboratory. If the requirements are not met, Nordic Ecolabelling may charge the analysis costs to the licensee.

How long is a licence valid?

Nordic Ecolabelling adopted the criteria for stoves on 11 June 2014. The criteria are valid until 30 June 2019.

On 14 October 2015 The Nordic Ecolabelling's Criteria Group decided per capsulam to adjust requirement O18 Installation manual and O19 Operating and maintenance instructions regarding information on chimney height and the lighting method. On 21 October 2015 The Nordic Ecolabelling's Criteria Group decided per capsulam to adjust the requirement to emissions of particles in O14 Emissions to air. The values were adjusted for manually operated stove from 3.0 g/kg to 3 g/kg and from 2.0 g/kg to 2 g/kg in July 2017. On 18 November 2015 The Nordic Ecolabelling's Criteria Group decided per capsulam to add an exemption for the use of surface paint in spray cans regarding the VOC content in O6. On 17 November 2014 the Board of Directors decided to remove requirement R31 Marketing. New version is 4.1.

On the 9 October 2017 Nordic Ecolabelling's Criteria Group decided to remove O29 Take-back system. This has been done as an editorial change the version has not been changed.

Nordic Ecolabelling's Criteria Group decided on 7 February 2018 to prolong the criteria with 16 months to the 31 October 2020. Version 4.2.

Nordic Ecolabelling decided on 19 December 2018 to prolong the criteria with 20 months to the 30 June 2022. Version 4.3.

Nordic Ecolabelling decided on 26 January 2021 to prolong the criteria with 18 months to the 31 December 2023. Version 4.4.

Nordic Ecolabelling decided on 30th November 2021 to prolong the criteria with 12 months to the 31 December 2024. Version 4.5.

Nordic Ecolabelling decided on 29th November 2022 to prolong the criteria with 12 months to the 31 December 2025. Version 4.6.

Nordic Ecolabelling decided on 21th November 2023 to prolong the criteria with 12 months to the 31 December 2026. Version 4.7.

New criteria

In any forthcoming new criteria it will be relevant to include the following items in the evaluation:

- Materials and chemicals requirements
- Surface finishing - requirement to use water-based surface finishing
- RPS concerning whether the fireplace is easy to dismantle for recycling
- Levels of emissions and efficiency required It must be investigated whether requirements are to be made of emissions of Carbon Black (CB)
- New technologies to improve combustion in the stove
- Relation to EU ecodesign and energy labelling
- Impact of particle size on health

Terms and definitions

Term	Explanation or definition
BC	Black Carbon
CO	Carbon monoxide
OGC	Organically bound carbon/volatile hydrocarbons
PAH	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons
NOx	Nitrogen oxides
VOC	Volatile organic compounds
RPS	Relevance, Potential and Controllability: Tool to analyse whether environmental problems are relevant, whether there is potential for improvement, and whether a licence holder has the control measures in place to achieve these environmental improvements.
PVC	Poly vinyl chloride
CMR substances	CMR substances are carcinogenic , mutagenic and reprotoxic substances
PM2,5	Threshold value for fine particles (PM2.5)

Appendix 1 Test

Test:

The fireplace must be tested to determine the content of flue gas emissions in the form of carbon monoxide (CO), hydrocarbons expressed as organic gaseous carbon (OGC), particles and efficiency. Testing is based on European standards, while particle measurement (applying to manually operated stoves and inset fireplaces) is performed with loads defined in class 1 and class 2 of the Norwegian standard (NS).

Pellet stoves with automatic pellet feed must also be tested for noise.

The test laboratory must draw up a complete test report with details of:

1. choice of testing method
2. results from all measurements
3. clear definition of the stoves
4. performance of testing according to the stated method, with the exception of the stated exemptions
5. specification of test fuels
6. the laboratory's fulfilment of the requirements stated and proof that the test is performed on an impartial and competent basis

Products to be tested are selected randomly from the manufacturer's stock or from the open market.

Nordic Ecolabelling is entitled to require supplementary documentation of the fulfilment of requirements and test reports.

Test laboratory:

Test of emissions and efficiency must be performed by laboratories that are accredited to the current standard and which fulfil the general requirements in standard EN ISO/IEC 17025. A non-accredited laboratory may perform tests if the laboratory has applied for accreditation according to the current testing method, but has not yet been granted approval, or if accreditation is not available for the technical specification or proposed standard. In such case, the laboratory must prove that it is an independent, competent laboratory.

If there is no accredited test laboratory, another laboratory may be used, subject to approval by Nordic Ecolabelling.

Noise can be tested by the manufacturer of the pellet stove if the manufacturer has been inspected by the notified authorising body in accordance with Directive 2002/14/EC relating to noise emission.

Pressure testing/leak measurement:

According to practicing of standard NS 3058.

Pressure testing/leak measurement, internal and external, is done for manually operated stove (stove / insert fireplace). Measurement is carried out at a overpressure of 25 Pa, through a device attached to the flue studs. All air valves, gates and possible axis drawer must be closed.

The following requirements for accuracy of measuring devices:

Manometer: +/- 1.0 Pa.

Flowmeter: +/- (5% of reading + 0.5 m³ / h)

Appendix 2 Declaration concerning materials requirements (O2) and metal coating of parts (O5)

Production of stoves (to be completed by the manufacturer of the stove)

Name of stove/fireplace:
Manufacturer:

Materials requirements (O2)

The following requirements are fulfilled: ☐ Yes ☐ No

- Materials and construction comply with relevant requirements in the current standard for the stove type in question, EN13240 or EN16510 (wood-burning stoves), EN13229 or EN16510 (inset fireplaces), EN14785 (pellet stoves), EN15250 (heat-accumulating stoves) or EN15821 (sauna stoves). The requirement includes, for example, quality, thickness of materials, durability and permitted surface temperatures (safety) of materials.

We hereby declare that

- A guarantee for materials and construction faults of at least five years is given for the bearing structure (excluding the interior of the combustion chamber) on normal use.

Metal coating of parts (O5)

The following requirements are fulfilled: ☐ Yes ☐ No

- Metal parts not coated with lead (Pb), mercury (Hg), cadmium (Cd), chromium VI (CrVI), nickel (Ni) or compounds thereof.
- Exceptionally, parts may be coated with chromium III, nickel or compounds thereof in cases where this is necessary due to chemical or mechanical wear, or other documented special technical requirements.

Any chromium- and nickel-plating processes must take place using cleaning techniques, ion-exchange techniques, membrane techniques or similar techniques, in order to be able to recover the metals to the greatest possible extent. Residual products from coating must be used in recycling or waste handling schemes. The system must be without a drainage system.

The declaration has been drawn up on the basis of adequate information from the subsupplier.

Manufacturer of the stove, signature:

Date	Name of company
Contact person	Telephone
Contact person (name in capitals)	E-mail

Appendix 3 Declaration concerning component substances in chemicals

Production of chemicals (to be completed by the chemicals producer/supplier)

Name of chemical product:

Component substances in chemical products (O4)

The following requirements are fulfilled:

☐ Yes ☐ No

The following substances may not be included in the chemical products (for example glue, sealant, cleaning/degreasing products, paint and varnish) used in the final production of the fireplace and for exterior treatment:

- lead (Pb), mercury (Hg), chromium IV (CrIV), cadmium (Cd) and compounds thereof
- halogenated organic compounds
- alkylphenols, alkylphenol ethoxylates or other substances that can build alkylphenols or alkylphenol ethoxylates
- phthalates
- substances on the EU's candidate list in accordance with REACH, 1907/2006/EC article 59, paragraph 10 on the website of the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA). In the background document there is a link to the list.
- nanoparticles (from nanomaterials*)

The following are exempted from the requirement to nanoparticles:

- Pigments**
- Naturally occurring inorganic fillers***
- Synthetic amorphous silica***
- Polymer dispersions

** The definition of nanomaterials follows the European Commission's definition from 18 October 2011 (2011/696/EU): "A nanomaterial is a natural, incidental or purposely manufactured material containing particles, in an unbound state or as an aggregate or as an agglomerate and where, for at least 50% of the particles in the number size distribution, one or more external dimensions is in the size range 1-100 nm."*

*** Nano-titanium dioxide (nano-TiO₂) is not considered a pigment and is therefore covered by this requirement.*

**** This applies to fillers covered by appendix V point 7 in REACH.*

***** This applies to traditional synthetic amorphous silica. Chemically modified colloidal silica can be included in the products as long as the silica particles form aggregates in the final product. The surface treatment of surface-treated nanoparticles must fulfil requirement to component substances in chemical products.*

There is exemption from the list for metal coating of parts. On metal coating of parts, requirement O5 must be fulfilled.

The following definition must be used concerning "included":

Ingoing substances are defined as, unless stated otherwise, all substances in the product – including additives (e.g. preservatives or stabilisers) in the raw materials, but not residuals from the production, incl. the production of raw materials.

Residuals from production, incl. production of raw materials are defined as residuals, pollutants and contaminants derived from the production, incl. production of the raw materials, which are present in the final product in amounts less than 100 ppm (0.0100 w/w %, 100 mg/kg), but not substances added to the raw materials or product intentionally and with a purpose – regardless of amount. Residuals in the raw materials above 1.0% are regarded as ingoing substances. Known substances released from ingoing substances are also regarded as ingoing substances..

Producer/supplier of the chemical:

Date	Name of company
Contact person	Telephone
Contact person (name in capitals)	E-mail

Appendix 4 Declaration concerning extraction of natural stone

Stone covering (to be completed by the manufacturer (quarry)/supplier of natural stone)

Name of natural stone:
Producer (quarry)/supplier:
Name and location of the quarry:

Extraction of natural stone, environmental requirements (O10)

The following requirements are fulfilled: ☐ Yes ☐ No

The extraction of natural stone did not:

- disturb the deeper-lying, enclosed groundwater reservoirs
- disturb the surface water with public water collection or sources, or water areas listed in the register created under Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of conserved areas or of watercourses (or equivalent national legislation outside the EU) with an average flow rate of $> 5 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$.
- There is a closed system for the recovery of wastewater to avoid the spreading of sawdust to the environment, and to supply the recirculation cycle. The water is stored close to the place where it is used in the quarry, and to which it is subsequently led (via closed pipes) to a suitable treatment plant. After clarification the water must recirculated.

Natural stone is defined in CEN/TC 246 as pieces of naturally occurring stone and includes marble, granite and other natural stone (such as sandstone and soapstone).

Wastewater solely includes water used in production, and not freshwater from rain and groundwater.

Extraction of natural stone, working conditions (O11)

The following requirements are fulfilled: ☐ Yes ☐ No

The following UN and IL Conventions are fulfilled by the producer (quarry) of natural stone:

- The UN Convention on the Rights of the Child, article 32
- The UN Convention (61/295) on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples
- ILO Convention no. 29 on Forced Labour
- ILO Convention no. 87 on Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to Organise

- ILO Convention no. 98 concerning the Application of the Principles of the Right to Organise and to Bargain Collectively
- ILO Convention no. 100 on Equal Remuneration
- ILO Convention no. 105 on Abolition of Forced Labour
- ILO Convention no. 111 concerning Discrimination in Respect of Employment and Occupation
- ILO Convention no. 138 concerning the Minimum Age for Admission to Employment
- ILO Convention no. 148 concerning the Working Environment (Air Pollution, Noise and Vibration)
- ILO Convention no. 155 concerning Occupational Safety and Health and the Working Environment
- ILO Convention no. 170 concerning Safety in the use of Chemicals at Work
- ILO Convention no. 182 on the Worst Forms of Child Labour

If the natural stone is quarried in a country in which these conventions are part of the requirements made by the authorities, no further documentation is required, as this is subject to O30.

Producer (quarry)/supplier of natural stone, signature:

Date	Name of company
Contact person	Telephone
Contact person (name in capitals)	E-mail

Appendix 5 Declaration concerning supplementary solar collectors

Supplementary solar collectors (to be completed by the producer/supplier of the solar collector)

Name of solar collector:
Producer/supplier:

Solar collector (012)

The following requirements are fulfilled:

☐ Yes ☐ No

- Supplementary solar collectors for The Nordic Swan Ecolabelled fireplace are type-approved in accordance with EN 12975.

Producer/supplier of the solar collector, signature:

Date	Name of company
Contact person	Telephone
Contact person (name in capitals)	E-mail

Appendix 6 Marketing of Nordic Ecolabelled closed fireplaces – removed appendix

The appendix is removed as decided by the Board of Directors 17 November 2014.